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CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES OF MATHEMATICS TEACHERS IN THE 21ST CENTURY EDUCATION

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Learning mathematics in the 21st century encounters various challenges and opportunities that reflect society's changing needs. Mathematics teachers are increasingly required to incorporate technology, promote critical thinking, and prepare students with essential 21st-century skills. This presents both challenges and possibilities for innovation in teaching practices.

A primary challenge for contemporary Mathematics educators is integrating technology into the curriculum. With the rise of digital tools and resources, teachers must become proficient in using these technologies to enhance learning experiences. The COVID-19 pandemic has further highlighted this challenge, as educators were suddenly required to shift to online learning environments. According to Tiengyoo et al. (2024), it has become critical to integrate information technology into Mathematics education in order to adapt to these new conditions. This underscores the need for effective pedagogical strategies that combine traditional teaching methods with digital resources. Additionally, Sridana et al. (2024) emphasize the crucial role that technology integration plays for preservice teachers, particularly in developing effective digital learning tools for modern classrooms.

The effective development of 21st century skills—such as critical thinking, creativity, collaboration, and communication—presents additional challenges for Mathematics educators. Gravemeijer et al. argue that Mathematics should shift from traditional procedural knowledge to approaches prioritizing conceptual understanding and real-world applicability, connecting Mathematics to societal needs (Gravemeijer et al.



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al., 2017). This emphasis on higher-order thinking skills is supported by both Nahdi and Akçay et al., who highlight the importance of fostering problem-solving abilities as central to students' success in today's educational landscape (Nahdi, 2019; Akçay et al., 2022).

Mathematics educators face significant challenges but have many opportunities to innovate and improve their teaching methods. One promising approach is the integration of STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics) in Mathematics education. As Nazifah and Asrizal (2022) highlighted, this approach helps engage students with real-world problems, enhancing their critical thinking and creative problem-solving skills.

Additionally, adapting teaching practices to meet 21st century demands creates opportunities for professional development and teacher training. Educators must continuously enhance their skills to teach Mathematics effectively in diverse and technology-rich environments. As Cheng noted, aligning professional development with the needs of 21st century teaching can help educators bridge skill gaps (Cheng, 2023). Moreover, incorporating lesson study and collaborative professional learning communities enables teachers to share best practices and improve their pedagogical methods, leading to better student outcomes (Cheng, 2023).

While Mathematics teachers in the 21st century encounter challenges related to technology integration, the promotion of critical thinking, and the alignment of educational practices with societal needs, there are plentiful opportunities for professional growth and innovative teaching methodologies. By embracing these opportunities, educators can transform Mathematics education into a more engaging, relevant, and effective discipline that prepares students for success in a complex world.



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