dependent and the official Website of DepED Division of Bataan

ACHIEVING WORK-LIFE HARMONY

by: **Jessica S. Dela Cruz** *Teacher II, Sta. Rosa Elementary School*

The demanding nature of teaching makes it extremely difficult for teachers to achieve a work-life balance. Their duties frequently go beyond the classroom and include parent communication, extracurricular activities, lesson planning, and grading. If not handled well, these chores and emotional work can cause stress and fatigue. These difficulties were made worse by the move to online education during the COVID-19 pandemic, which further muddled the boundaries between work and home life.

Teachers must establish boundaries and manage their time well in order to balance their personal and professional life. Teachers might lessen stress by setting out particular times for job-related activities and avoiding work from interfering with their personal lives. Creating a network of friends, family, and coworkers who are supportive offers both practical and emotional assistance. Implementing measures that promote teachers' well-being, such flexible scheduling and mental health resources, is one way that schools may help.

The attainment of work-life balance is contingent upon self-care. Exercise, hobbies, and spending time with loved ones are all examples of things that teachers should partake in since they encourage relaxation and personal development. Distancing oneself from digital interactions connected to work is equally important for mental renewal and clarity. By engaging in these activities, educators may rejuvenate and infuse their classrooms with new vitality.

In addition to teachers, students and the larger educational community also gain from maintaining work-life balance. Balanced teachers are more involved, passionate,



depedbataan.comPublications

and productive, all of which improve student learning results. On the other hand, longterm stress or burnout might impair the quality of instruction. Teachers also teach their students important life lessons by setting an example of self-care and healthy boundaries.

It takes a team effort from educators, administrators, and legislators to achieve work-life balance. Institutions should establish supportive settings, and teachers must implement techniques to put their well-being first. Teachers can maintain their enthusiasm for teaching and improve outcomes for themselves, their students, and the educational system overall by tackling these issues.

References:

Bubb, S., & Earley, P. (2004). Managing teacher workload: Work-life balance and well-being. SAGE Publications.

Day, C., & Gu, Q. (2007). Variations in the conditions for teachers' professional learning and development: Sustaining commitment and effectiveness over a career. Oxford Review of Education, 33(4), 423–443.

Hakanen, J. J., Bakker, A. B., & Schaufeli, W. B. (2006). Burnout and work engagement among teachers. Journal of School Psychology, 43(6), 495–513.

Jennings, P. A. (2015). Mindfulness for teachers: Simple skills for peace and productivity in the classroom. W.W. Norton & Company.

Klassen, R. M., & Chiu, M. M. (2010). Effects on teachers' self-efficacy and job satisfaction: Teacher gender, years of experience, and job stress. Journal of Educational Psychology, 102(3), 741–756.

MacDonald, C. J. (1999). Teacher attrition: A review of literature. Teaching and Teacher Education, 15(8), 835–848.





Pressley, T. (2021). Factors contributing to teacher burnout during COVID-19. Educational Researcher, 50(5), 325–327.

Example 2 Contract Series of DepED Division of Bataan

