

COMPULSORY DAILY FLAG CEREMONY IN ALL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

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The national anthem, flag, and other symbols that stand for national traditions, ideals, and conceptions of sovereignty and unity must always be revered and handled with respect. In order for the national motto, coat of arms, and other heraldic artifacts and devices to accurately reflect the country and instill in the minds and hearts of our people a true sense of national pride, they must be employed in the right ways.

Republic Act No. 8491, popularly known as the "Flag and Heraldic Code of the Philippines," requires that all government agencies and educational institutions take part in the weekly flag-raising and -lowering rituals.

The ritual's goal is to respect the flag. It is a means of expressing love and respect for one's nation. Flag ceremonies may be organized to commemorate notable people or events, to start or close meetings or special events, or to retire a flag that has served its purpose. Respecting the flag is the most crucial aspect of a flag ceremony. Respecting the flag is the most crucial aspect of a flag ceremony. Typically, a brief, straightforward ceremony is ideal. Silence makes it more powerful. You are demonstrating to the women how to respect the flag and behave admirably in front of large crowds, which happens frequently.

The Philippine National Anthem shall be played or sung at the flag ceremony, which must be understated and modest; 2. The group must stand in line and face the flag during the ceremonial hoisting. Everyone on the premises must stand to attention when signaled.

Important historical occurrences were covered by the Philippine flag. The crucial moments in the Filipinos' fight for independence exist. It represents our country's principles and sentiments, thus it deserves to be treated with respect. Its most beloved symbol is the national flag. For the country, it stands for liberty. It stands for national pride, love of country, and a sense of identity, and it

symbolizes the aspirations and feelings of the Filipino people in their never-ending struggle for freedom. It stands for the fusion of the Filipino people.

The Filipino people lacked a national flag before the Philippine Revolution got off in 1896. They just knew the Spanish flag to be a flag. But each revolutionary outfit had its own flag when the Filipinos rose up in revolt against Spain. For example, the soldiers under General Mariano Llanera flew the "skull flag" in Nueva Ecija. Bonifacio had big expectations for himself. Every year, from May 28 to June 12, the Philippine Flag is flown in commemoration of the heroes who lost their lives defending our hard-won freedom. This exhibits proper adoration and respect for our national flag, which stands for our independence and unity.

The national anthem, flag, and other emblems must always be revered and treated with respect since they represent national customs, ideals, and notions of sovereignty and unity. The national motto, coat of arms, and other heraldic symbols must be used in line with the rules if they are to authentically represent the nation and arouse genuine national pride in the minds and emotions of our people.

From now on, the flag-raising ceremony will take place on Monday in the morning and the flag-lowering ceremony will take place on Friday in the afternoon at all government and educational institutions. The Philippine National Anthem must be appropriately brief and performed or sung during the event. All national and local government representatives, as well as any of their agencies or instrumentalities, as well as privately owned businesses that fly the national flag and educational institutions, are hereby

instructed to strictly abide by the guidelines established for the performance of the national anthem. Government- owned or -controlled corporations are also covered by this directive. Administrative penalties could be imposed for breaking the regulations.

The Republic Act 8491, which outlines the Code of the Heraldic Items and Devices in the Philippines, was updated in order to instill a sense of national pride and to underline the significance of adhering to accepted expressions of respect for our emblems of identity. The Philippine flag was flown during significant historical occasions. There were critical moments in the Filipinos' fight for independence. It represents the ideas and sentiments of our country and needs to be treated with respect.

References:

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